



"Whatever you do, work at it with all your heart"

Colossians 3:23



Singing

Year 4
Autumn 2

Key Knowledge:

To know that:

- In order to successfully learn lyrics or music, repetition, isolation of words and slowing the tempo can be used.
- Non-verbal cues can be used to give musical directions.
- **Good breath control improves the quality of singing.**
- Clear diction (pronunciation of the words) improves the effect of the overall delivery of the song.
- **It is important to count in music to maintain a steady tempo.**
- **Harmony is a musical part that fits with and enhances the melody.**
- Breathing low and using the diaphragm, allows you to sing longer phrases.
- Musical directions are written in Italian.
- Crescendo means gradually getting louder.
- Diminuendo means to gradually get quieter.
- Musical directions are used to enhance the quality of a performance or song.



Key Vocabulary:

- **Crescendo**—gradually getting louder.
- **Diminuendo**—gradually getting quieter.
- **Rondo form**—A musical structure where a tune introduced at the start keeps returning.
- **Dynamics**— the volume of the music.
- **Structure**—The arrangement and order of the parts or sections of the music.
- **Tempo**—how fast or slow the music is.