



"Whatever you do, work at it with all your heart"

Colossians 3:23

Sikhism

Year 4
Autumn 1



Key Knowledge:

To know that:

The Mool Mantar contains the key teachings of Sikhism.

The Guru Granth Sahib is the main religious text of Sikhism.

Guru Nanak, the founder of Sikhism, gave Sikhs six key rules to live by.

The Guru Granth Sahib is treated like a living Guru (teacher/leader).

The Sikhs' religious building in which they worship is called the Gurdwara and is used for many different things including Worship and Langar.

The community of men and women who have joined the Sikh faith is called the Khalsa.

There are 5 Ks of Sikhism that people wear that each represent a different belief.

Sikhs use their religious beliefs as a guide for modern issues and problems.

There were ten Gurus that all contributed to the development of the Sikh religion.

Key Vocabulary:

Guru Nanak - the founder of Sikhism

Gurus — teachers who followed the Guru Nanak

Guru Granth Sahib — the Sikh holy book of sacred hymns

Gurdwara — a place of worship which can be any building where the Guru Granth Sahib is kept.

Langar — a shared meal at the end of the Gurdwara service

Khalsa — the Sikh community of men and women

Mool Mantar — the Sikh statement of belief.

Kesh (uncut hair)

Kara (a steel bracelet)

Kanga (a wooden comb)

Kaccha (cotton underwear)

Kirpan (steel sword)

