



“Whatever you do, work at it with all your heart”

Colossians 3:23



Les Verbes

-ER verbs

Year 6

Spring 2

Key Knowledge:

Know that:

- **ER verbs are the most common of the 3 types of French verb.**
- **To conjugate an –ER verb, chop off the –ER from the infinitive to make the stem then add endings to match each pronoun.**
- **‘Tu’ and ‘vous’ both mean ‘you’**
- There are 8 pronouns (je, tu, il, elle, nous, vous, ils, elles - I, you, he, she, we, you, they
 - (m), they (f)
- A verb must be conjugated which means changed from its infinitive form.
- The infinitive of a verb is the root verb and this is how it will be found in a dictionary
- The endings that match each pronoun are: je - e, tu - es, il - e, elle - e, nous - ons, vous -
 - ez, ils - ent, elles - ent
- Verbs that follow the conjugation pattern are called REGULAR.
- Verbs that do not follow the conjugation pattern are called IRREGULAR
- ‘Tu’ (you) is used with one person who you know well (informal)
- ‘Vous’ (you) is used with more than one person OR with one person you do not know very well (formal)

chanter



danser



dessiner



jouer





Key Classroom Phrases:

Je peux?	- Can I ...?
Je peux chercher....? for...?	- Can I get/look for...?
Je peux aller aux toilettes s'il vous plaît? the toilet please?	- Can I go to the toilet please?
Je peux emprunter un / une ...svp? a ... please?	- Can I borrow a ... please?
Je peux avoir un / une .. svp? please?	- Can I have a ... please?
Je ne sais pas	- I don't know
Je ne comprends pas understand	- I don't understand
J'ai fini	- I have finished

Key vocabulary

je: I

tu: you

il: he

elle: she

vous: you (plural/formal)

ils/elles: they (masc/fem)

nous: we

infinitive: the basic form of a verb

stem: the root part of a verb (usually the infinitive with the last 2 letters taken off)

regular verb - follows a pattern

irregular verb - does not follow a pattern