



"Whatever you do, work at it with all your heart"



Colossians 3:23

Recorders

Year 3

Summer 1

Key Knowledge:

Know that:

- Notation is used by musicians to record a melody or a rhythm.
- A musical stave is a set of lines and spaces to record the music.
- A time signature tells you how many beats are in a bar.
- A sound is produced in a recorder by blowing in to the mouthpiece.
- A treble clef is a sign at the beginning of the stave used to show high pitched notes.
- Crotchets, quavers and minims have different note values.
- Bar lines are used to separate the bars into beats.



Key Vocabulary:

- Notation-the link between sound and symbol.
- Stave -the lines that the notes are written on.
- Time signature-tells you how many beats in a bar.
- Crotchet-a one beat note
- Minim-a two beat note
- Rests-pauses in the music.
- Tempo—how fast or slow the music is.
- Quaver- 1/2 a beat note
- Semibreve- a 4 beat note