"Whatever you do, work at it with all your heart"

Colossians 3:23

Sewing

Year 4 Summer

Key Knowledge:

To know that:

The user of a product will affect design choices.

We can finish sewing by over stitching.

We can sew using a variety of stiches to embroider a design such as running stitch, (back stitch and cross stitch).

A design brief identifies a need for an audience or user and can be broken down into design criteria, which identifies the needs the design should meet.

Products are designed for different purposes and different users

By evaluating different products we can identify criteria that can be used for our own designs

More than one idea should be evaluated to decide which would meet the brief best.

We can review what is successful about a finished product and what can be improved

Key Vocabulary:

Design Brief: a set of instructions for a project outlining its purpose

Design criteria: precise goals that a project must achieve to be successful

User: the person who will be using the product

Needle: a fine piece of metal used to pierce the material.

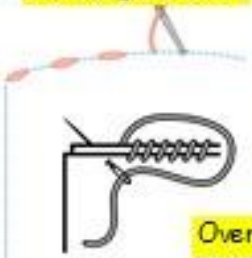
Thread: a thin piece of material.

Stitch: a loop of thread resulting from a single movement of the needle.

Embroider: Decorate by sewing patterns on with thread

Stitch - A thread that passes through fabric

Running Stitch



Blanket Stitch

Overcast Stitch

Threading a needle

- *Cut thread to the length you need — no longer than finger tips to shoulder*
- *Lick the end of the thread to make it damp and press the end flat*
- Hold the needle in your writing hand and hold the thread near the end (1/2 cm)
- *Move the needle over the thread*

Stitches to Decorate

Back Stitch

Cross Stitch

Laced Running Stitch

Chain Stitch

Fern Stitch

Lazy Daisy Stitch

French Knot

Starting and finishing a row of stitches: "**Anchor Stitch**"

- Make a tiny stitch—*in and out*
- Go through the same holes — *in and out* — twice more.

1) Start on the back of your fabric. Pass the threaded needle up through the underside of the fabric leaving a tail of thread about 5 cm long.

2) Pass the needle through one hole of the button, holding the thread end so you don't pull the thread all the way through.

3) Then pass the needle back down through the other hole.

4) Repeat this 3 or 4 more times. End with the needle on the back of the fabric.

5) Tie the two ends of thread together.